

Preliminary Findings of a Survey of Israeli Jewish Attitudes on a Future Peace Agreement with the Palestinians

The poll was conducted by leading Israeli pollster Mina Tzemach for the Jerusalem Center for Public Affairs.

The purpose of this survey was to examine the attitudes of the Jewish public in Israel on several issues regarding a peace agreement or other arrangements with the Palestinians.

The surveyed population was defined as the general Jewish adult population in Israel (18+). The poll was based on a representative sample of 521 people from an Internet panel of the iPanel company, and the interviews were conducted via the Internet on March 20-21, 2017. The maximum sampling error was 4.4%.

Main Findings

Trend: Decrease in support for a withdrawal from the West Bank and the establishment of a Palestinian state

There has been a gradual decrease of (Jewish) Israeli willingness to agree to a withdrawal from the West Bank as part of a peace agreement – from 60% in 2005 to 36% in 2017. There has also been a decline in support for the Clinton Parameters from 59% in 2005 to 29% in 2017.

Support for the Clinton Parameters:

December 2003	42%
January 2005	59%
June 2006 (after Israeli disengagement from Gaza)	50%
December 2006	47%
March 2017	29%

The Clinton Parameters:

A demilitarized Palestinian state without settlement blocs, full Palestinian security control of the West Bank, Jerusalem divided and the capital of both states, the Temple Mount in the hands of the Palestinians, while Israel receives the Western Wall.

Jerusalem:

- 79% say it is important to retain a unified Jerusalem under Israeli sovereignty, while 15% say it is not important.
- 41% agree and 52% oppose the division of Jerusalem into Jewish and Arab sectors (with no mention that the capital of the Palestinian state will be in east Jerusalem). If Jerusalem is to become the Palestinian capital, agreement decreases to 33% and opposition increases to 59%.

- Transferring the Temple Mount to the Palestinians: 10% agree and 83% oppose.

Withdrawal from the West Bank as part of a peace agreement and the establishment of a Palestinian state:

- Withdrawal from all the territories – 15% agree, while 77% oppose.
- Withdrawal except for the large settlement blocs – 37% agree, while 57% oppose.
- When the possibility is presented of territorial swaps in return for annexation – 29% agree, while 64% oppose.
- When annexation of the settlement blocs to Israel is included and it is stated that the Palestinian state will be demilitarized, agreement increases to 48% and opposition decreases to 44%. This shows that the main issue of concern is security.
- One of the reasons for the opposition to an Israeli withdrawal involves control of strategic points: 88% say that Israel cannot withdraw from territories that border on Ben-Gurion Airport. 81% say that Israel cannot withdraw from territories bordering the Tel Aviv-Jerusalem Highway (Route 443).

Security control in the West Bank:

- 76% want Israel to have full security control of the West Bank.
- The importance of security control of the West Bank also emerges from the fact that support for an agreement based on the Clinton Parameters decreases from 29% to 18% if the package does not include full Israeli security control of the West Bank.

American involvement:

- Agreement with the Clinton Parameters increases to 51% if Israel is also given security guarantees including a defense pact with the U.S.
- 74% say it is important that the U.S. be involved in any agreement between Israel and the Palestinians.

Unilateral withdrawal (without an agreement):

- 26% agree and 61% oppose.

Attack Tunnels:

- Even in the case of full Israeli security control of the West Bank, 57% say such control would not prevent the Palestinians from digging attack tunnels, compared to 33% who say security control would prevent the digging of tunnels.
- If there is not Israeli security control, 85% say there is a concern that the Palestinians will dig attack tunnels, compared to 7% who say there is no such danger.

The Jordan Valley:

- 81% say it is important that Israel retain sovereignty over the Jordan Valley, compared to 8% who say it is not important.
- 55% say the IDF cannot ensure security without sovereignty over the Jordan Valley, compared to 31% who say it is possible to ensure security even without sovereignty there.
- 22% say Israel could rely on an international force in the Jordan Valley, while 69% say Israel could not rely on an international force.

Recognition of Israel as the nation-state of the Jewish people:

- 71% say an agreement should be conditioned on Palestinian recognition of Israel as the nation-state of the Jewish people, while 20% disagree.

Regional instability:

- Given the current instability in the Middle East, is it possible to make extensive concessions, or must Israel exercise great caution regarding territorial concessions? 14% say Israel can make concessions, while 80% say Israel cannot make concessions.

The Golan Heights:

- 58% say Israel should condition a settlement with the Palestinians on U.S. recognition of the application of Israeli law on the Golan Heights, while 25% disagree.

Poll Results

Notes:

1. Some of the questions address the same issues, with certain differences. Thus, by comparing the findings of corresponding questions, conclusions can be drawn about the degree of influence of several factors. This comparison reveals that:
 - The possibility of Israel giving the Palestinians territories that currently are under Israeli sovereignty in exchange for territories that Israel will annex in Judea and Samaria reduces the percentage of agreement from 37% on question 3 to 29% on question 8.
 - The possibility of Jerusalem being the capital of both states reduces agreement from 41% on question 5 to 33% on question 11.
 - The transfer of the Temple Mount to Palestinian sovereignty reduces agreement from 23% on question 12 to 10% on question 6.
 - Israeli security control of the West Bank has very high significance; 76% agree to it compared to 45% who are prepared to rely on an international force.
2. What determines agreement or disagreement with the package of proposals is the framework within which a Palestinian state is established.
3. The demilitarization of a Palestinian state and Israeli control of the West Bank do not increase the basic preparedness for the establishment of a Palestinian state.

a. Is it possible to reach a settlement with the Palestinians?

1. Do you believe or not believe that negotiations between Israel and the Palestinian Authority will lead in the coming years to an Israeli-Palestinian agreement?		Frequency	%
	Certainly believe	13	2.4%
	Tend to believe	129	24.8%
	Tend not to believe	181	34.7%
	Don't believe at all	180	34.5%
	Don't know	18	3.5%
	Total	521	100%

b. Attitudes toward proposals for an Israeli-Palestinian agreement:

Should or should not Israel agree to each of the following elements as part of a peace agreement with the Palestinians:

2. Establishment of a Palestinian state in all of the West Bank.		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should agree	11	2.0%
	I think it should agree	77	14.7%
	I think it should not agree	169	32.5%
	I'm sure it should not agree	233	44.7%
	Don't know	31	6.0%
	Total	521	100%

3, Establishment of a Palestinian state in all of the West Bank except for the large settlement blocs.		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should agree	31	5.9%
	I think it should agree	164	31.5%
	I think it should not agree	118	22.6%
	I'm sure it should not agree	180	34.6%
	Don't know	28	5.4%
	Total	521	100%

4. An international force to guarantee the security of both sides.		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should agree	63	12.0%
	I think it should agree	174	33.3%
	I think it should not agree	112	21.4%
	I'm sure it should not agree	129	24.8%
	Don't know	44	8.4%
	Total	521	100%

5. The Arab neighborhoods in east Jerusalem will be under Palestinian sovereignty and the Jewish neighborhoods under Israeli sovereignty.		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should agree	58	11.2%
	I think it should agree	155	29.7%
	I think it should not agree	110	21.1%
	I'm sure it should not agree	158	30.4%
	Don't know	40	7.7%
	Total	521	100%

6. The Temple Mount will be transferred to Palestinian sovereignty.		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should agree	12	2.4%
	I think it should agree	38	7.3%
	I think it should not agree	116	22.2%
	I'm sure it should not agree	316	60.7%
	Don't know	39	7.4%
	Total	521	100%

7. How important or unimportant is it that in any settlement with the Palestinians, Israel will retain a united Jerusalem under Israeli sovereignty?		Frequency	%
	Very important	305	58.6%
	Moderately important	106	20.4%
	Moderately unimportant	55	10.5%
	Not important at all	25	4.7%
	Don't know	30	5.7%
	Total	521	100%

Below are five proposals that could form a package as part of the negotiations on an Israeli-Palestinian settlement. For each of them, mark whether you **agree** with it or **oppose** it:

8. A demilitarized Palestinian state will be established in the West Bank except for the large settlement blocs, which will be annexed to Israel. In return for those territories, Israel will give the Palestinians territories in sovereign Israel of a similar size to the territories that Israel annexes.		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	23	4.5%
	Tend to agree	128	24.6%
	Tend to oppose	131	25.1%
	Certainly oppose	200	38.4%
	Don't know	38	7.4%
	Total	521	100.0%

Comparative data on support for land swaps:

December 2003	45%
January 2005	53%
December 2005	51%
June 2006	45%
December 2006	42%
March 2017	29%

9. The Palestinian state will be demilitarized, meaning it will not have an army but it will have a strong security force, and an international force will be established to guarantee the security of both sides.		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	69	13.2%
	Tend to agree	180	34.5%
	Tend to oppose	100	19.2%
	Certainly oppose	131	25.1%
	Don't know	41	8.0%
	Total	521	100.0%

10. Israel will have full security control of the West Bank.		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	239	45.8%
	Tend to agree	159	30.6%
	Tend to oppose	62	11.8%
	Certainly oppose	21	4.0%
	Don't know	40	7.7%
	Total	521	100.0%

11. Jerusalem will be the capital of both states. East Jerusalem will be the capital of the Palestinian state and West Jerusalem will be the capital of Israel. The Arab neighborhoods in Jerusalem will be under Palestinian sovereignty and the Jewish neighborhoods under Israeli sovereignty.		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	54	10.3%
	Tend to agree	118	22.6%
	Tend to oppose	94	18.1%
	Certainly oppose	213	40.8@
	Don't know	43	8.2%
	Total	521	100.0%

12. The Jewish Quarter of Jerusalem and the Western Wall will be under Israeli sovereignty, and the Temple Mount will be under Palestinian sovereignty.		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	31	5.9%
	Tend to agree	90	17.3%
	Tend to oppose	121	23.3%
	Certainly oppose	236	45.3%
	Don't know	43	8.2%
	Total	521	100.0%

13. If all five of the above proposals are presented to Israel as a single package, would you agree to or oppose Israel accepting this package?		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	33	6.4%
	Tend to agree	119	22.8%
	Tend to oppose	144	27.7%
	Certainly oppose	163	31.4%
	Don't know	61	11.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%

14. If Israel is not given full security control of the West Bank, should Israel then agree to the package, or should Israel condition the establishment of a Palestinian state on having full security control of the Palestinian state?		Frequency	%
	Israel should agree to the package of proposals without full security control of the Palestinian state.	96	18.4%
	Israel should condition establishment of a Palestinian state on full Israeli security control of the Palestinian state.	297	57%
	Don't know	128	24.5%
	Total	521	100.0%

15. If the control of the holy places that are removed from Israeli sovereignty were placed in the hands of an international force, could one be confident that Jews would be able to visit and pray at the holy places that are not under Israeli sovereignty?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure one could be confident that Jews would be able to visit the holy places.	30	5.7%
	I think one could be confident that Jews would be able to visit the holy places.	105	20.2%
	I think one could not be confident that Jews would be able to visit the holy places.	187	35.9%
	I'm sure one could not be confident that Jews would be able to visit the holy places.	155	29.7%
	Don't know	44	8.5%
	Total	521	100.0%

16. Should Israel condition the establishment of a Palestinian state on the Palestinians recognizing Israel as a Jewish state?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should condition it on such recognition.	272	52.2%
	I think it should condition it on such recognition.	100	19.1%
	I think it should not condition it on such recognition.	69	13.2%
	I'm sure it should not condition it on such recognition.	35	6.8%
	Don't know	45	8.6%
	Total	521	100.0%

17. Would full Israeli security control of a Palestinian state prevent or not prevent the digging of tunnels from the Palestinian state into Israel?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it would prevent it.	33	6.4%
	I think it would prevent it.	138	26.4%
	I think it would not prevent it.	180	34.5%
	I'm sure it would not prevent it.	119	22.9%
	Don't know	51	9.7%
	Total	521	100.0%

18. If Israel does not have full security control of a Palestinian state, then is there a concern that the Palestinians will dig tunnels into Israel?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure there is a concern.	297	57.0%
	I think there is a concern.	145	27.9%
	I think there is not a concern.	26	5.1%
	I'm sure there is not a concern.	8	1.6%
	Don't know	44	8.4%
	Total	521	100.0%

c. The Jordan Valley:

19. To what extent is it important that, in any settlement with the Palestinians, Israel should retain sovereignty in the Jordan Valley?		Frequency	%
	Very important	284	54.5%
	Moderately important	140	26.9%
	Not so important	31	5.9%
	Not important at all	12	2.3%
	Don't know	54	10.4%
Total	521	100.0%	

20. If Israel withdraws from the Jordan Valley as part of a peace agreement with the Palestinians, could one rely on an international force or an American force to ensure Israel's security, or does security have to be left in the IDF's hands?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure one could rely on an international or American force.	14	2.7%
	I think one could rely on an international or American force.	99	19.0%
	I think one could not rely on an international or American force.	193	34.6%
	I'm sure one could not rely on an international or American force.	166	20.6%
	Don't know	48	14.0%
	Total	521	100.0%

21. Is it possible or impossible for the IDF to ensure Israel's security on the eastern front without retaining sovereignty over the Jordan Valley?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it is possible	37	7.0%
	I think it is possible	124	23.8%
	I think it is impossible	180	34.6%
	I'm sure it is impossible	107	20.6%
	Don't know	73	14.0%
Total	521	100.0%	

d. Overall attitudes toward territorial concessions:

22. Amid the chaos now prevailing in the Middle East, can Israel allow itself to make extensive territorial concessions as part of a peace agreement with the Palestinians, or should Israel exercise great caution regarding territorial concessions?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure that amid the current situation in the Middle East, Israel can make extensive territorial concessions.	18	3.4%
	I think that amid the current situation in the Middle East, Israel can make extensive territorial concessions.	53	10.1%
	I think that amid the current situation in the Middle East, Israel must exercise great caution regarding territorial concessions.	163	31.3%
	I'm sure that amid the current situation in the Middle East, Israel must exercise great caution regarding territorial concessions.	253	48.5%
	Don't know	35	6.7%
	Total	521	100.0%

23. A number of reasons are cited for why Israel should be cautious about territorial concessions as part of a settlement with the Palestinians. Among the following reasons, which is the main one that should lead Israel to exercise caution about territorial concessions (the reasons will be presented to the interviewees in different orders):		Frequency	%
	All the reasons to the same extent.	326	62.6%
	The emergence of new terror organizations such as the Islamic State.	78	15.0%
	The chaos in the Middle East.	51	9.9%
	The expansion of Iranian influence in places like Syria and Iraq.	29	5.5%
	There is no reason that Israel needs to be cautious.	23	4.4%
	Another reason. Specify ____.	13	2.5%
	Total	521	100.0%

24. The Palestinian Authority continues to violate the Oslo agreements, including inciting against Israel and paying salaries to terrorists. Some claim that Israel should react with restraint to these violations because pressure on the Palestinian Authority could lead to its downfall. Do you agree with or oppose that view?		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	24	4.6%
	Tend to agree	106	20.4%
	Tend to oppose	128	24.6%
	Certainly oppose	202	38.8%
	Don't know	61	11.7%
	Total	521	100.0%

e. Unilateral withdrawal, a proposal of the Zionist Union

25. It has been proposed that Israel withdraw unilaterally (without an agreement) from 85% of the West Bank and from the Arab neighborhoods in Jerusalem, and annex the large settlement blocs. The IDF would maintain a presence along the Jordan River. Do you agree with or oppose this proposal?		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	20	3.7%
	Tend to agree	115	22.1%
	Tend to oppose	134	25.7%
	Certainly oppose	183	35.1%
	Don't know	70	13.4%
	Total	521	100.0%

f. Confederation/federation

26. It has been proposed that a Palestinian state be linked to Jordan in the form of confederation. Each of the states – Jordan and the Palestinian state – would run some of its affairs separately, but in important domains such as foreign policy and security the two states would be governed by a joint body. Do you support this proposal or oppose it?		Frequency	%
	Certainly support	65	12.5%
	Tend to support	187	36%
	Tend to oppose	101	19.5%
	Certainly oppose	70	13.5%
	Don't know	97	18.6%
	Total	521	100.0%

27. (For those who said they supported a Palestinian-Jordanian confederation) Should or should not Israel condition the establishment of a Palestinian state on its being part of a confederation with Jordan?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should condition it.	15	5.8%
	I think it should condition it.	122	48.1%
	I think it should not condition it.	77	30.7%
	I'm sure it should not condition it.	10	3.8%
	Don't know	29	11.6%
	Total	253	100.0%

g. Gaza

28. Should or should not Israel condition an agreement with the Palestinians on the transfer of Gaza to Egyptian control?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should condition it.	73	14.0%
	I think it should condition it.	183	35.0%
	I think it should not condition it.	112	21.6%
	I'm sure it should not condition it.	50	9.6%
	Don't know	103	19.8%
Total	521	100.0%	

h. The Golan Heights

29. At a certain point the Israeli government decided to apply Israeli law to the Golan Heights; the world, however, did not recognize the measure. Should or should not Israel condition a settlement with the Palestinians on the U.S. recognizing the application of Israeli law to the Golan Heights?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should condition it.	141	27.0%
	I think it should condition it.	162	31.2%
	I think it should not condition it.	90	17.2%
	I'm sure it should not condition it.	42	8%
	Don't know	87	16.6%
Total	521	100.0%	

i. A regional alliance

30. It has been proposed that Israel withdraw from all of the West Bank except for the settlement blocs, which would be annexed to Israel, and in exchange Israel would transfer the Triangle region of Israel with its Arab residents to the Palestinians. The refugee problem would be solved in negotiations between the sides. In return, all of the Arab states would recognize Israel as a Jewish state along with its right to secure borders, sign peace agreements with it, and conduct normal diplomatic relations with it. Do you agree with or oppose this proposal?		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	64	12.3%
	Tend to agree	181	34.7%
	Tend to oppose	119	22.8%
	Certainly oppose	80	15.5%
	Don't know	77	14.8%
Total	521	100.0%	

j. U.S. involvement

31. Is it important or unimportant that the U.S. be involved in any settlement between Israel and the Palestinians?		Frequency	%
	Very important	172	32.9%
	Moderately important	212	40.6%
	Moderately unimportant	54	10.4%
	Not important at all	44	8.4%
	Don't know	40	7.7%
Total	521	100.0%	

32. Would you agree or not agree to the establishment of a Palestinian state if Israel were to receive security guarantees from the U.S., including a defense pact between Israel and the U.S.?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure I would agree.	61	11.7%
	I think I would agree.	204	39.2%
	I think I would not agree.	114	21.9%
	I'm sure I would not agree.	88	16.9%
	Don't know	54	10.4%
Total	521	100.0%	

33. Should or should not the special relationship with the U.S. be a central component of Israel's security concept?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should be a central component.	120	23.0%
	I think it should be a central component.	195	37.4%
	I think it should not be a central component.	115	22.1%
	I'm sure it should not be a central component.	44	8.4%
	Don't know	47	9.1%
Total	521	100.0%	

34. Would you be prepared or not be prepared for an Israeli withdrawal in the West Bank as part of a settlement with the Palestinians if President Trump himself were to guarantee the settlement?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure I would be prepared.	26	5.1%
	I think I would be prepared.	138	26.5%
	I think I would not be prepared.	153	29.5%
	I'm sure I would not be prepared.	132	25.4%
	Don't know	71	13.6%
Total	521	100.0%	

35. When could one rely more on a settlement with the Palestinians – if President Obama had been involved, or if President Trump were to be involved?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure one could rely more on President Obama's involvement.	29	5.6%
	I think one could rely more on President Obama's involvement.	56	10.7%
	I think one could rely more on President Trump's involvement.	198	38.0%
	I'm sure one could rely more on President Trump's involvement.	85	16.3%
	Don't know	153	29.4%
Total	521	100.0%	

k. Israel and the world

36. Do you agree or disagree with the claim that whatever Israel does and however far it goes to attain a settlement with the Palestinians, the world will keep being critical of Israel?		Frequency	%
	Certainly agree	266	51.1%
	Moderately agree	173	33.2%
	Moderately disagree	36	7.0%
	Don't agree at all	17	3.3%
	Don't know	28	5.4%
Total	521	100.0%	

37. Should or should not Israel take the world's reaction into account when it makes decisions on political issues?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it should take it into account.	17	3.4%
	I think it should take it into account.	140	26.9%
	I think it should not take it into account.	193	37.1%
	I'm sure it should not take it into account.	136	26.2%
	Don't know	33	6.4%
Total	521	100.0%	

l. Questions about issues we have not addressed but that appeared in previous surveys:

38. As part of a permanent peace agreement, can or cannot Israel give the Palestinians territories that overlook the area of Ben-Gurion Airport?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it can.	6	1.2%
	I think it can.	21	4.0%
	I think it cannot.	95	18.2%
	I'm sure it cannot.	362	69.5%
	Don't know	37	7.1%
Total	521	100.0%	

39. As part of a permanent peace agreement, can or cannot Israel give the Palestinians territories that overlook Route 443, the road from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem via Modi'in)?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it can.	7	1.4%
	I think it can.	44	8.5%
	I think it cannot.	130	25.0%
	I'm sure it cannot.	289	55.6%
	Don't know	49	9.5%
	Total	521	100.0%

40. Do you believe or not believe that an Israeli withdrawal to the 1967 lines would bring an end to the conflict with the Palestinians?		Frequency	%
	Certainly believe	4	.9%
	Tend to believe	59	11.4%
	Tend not to believe	117	22.5%
	Don't believe at all	297	56.9%
	Don't know	43	8.3%
	Total	521	100.0%

41. Are you in favor of or against the security fence becoming Israel's permanent border with the Palestinian Authority?		Frequency	%
	Certainly in favor	66	12.8%
	Moderately in favor	175	33.5%
	Moderately against	86	16.5%
	Certainly against	81	15.6%
	Don't know	112	21.6%
	Total	521	100.0%

42. Is giving territories to the Palestinians that are close to Israeli towns within the Green Line likely to expose those towns to Palestinian fire, or, if there is a peace agreement, can one be sure that the Palestinians will not fire at Israeli territory?		Frequency	%
	I'm sure it is likely to expose Israeli towns to Palestinian fire.	223	42.7%
	I think it is likely to expose Israeli towns to Palestinian fire.	171	32.7%
	I think that in a peace agreement the Palestinians will not fire into Israeli territory.	60	11.5%
	I'm sure that in a peace agreement the Palestinians will not fire into Israeli territory.	10	2.0%
	Don't know	57	11.0%
	Total	521	100.0%

Voting in the 2015 elections: age, gender, religiosity, extraction, immigrants and veterans, ideology.

43. How would you define yourself ideologically-politically?		Frequency	%
	Very right-wing	51	9.8%
	Right-wing	146	28.1%
	Center, leaning to the right	128	24.7%
	Center	88	16.8%
	Center, leaning to the left	63	12.1%
	Left-wing	22	4.2%
	Very left-wing	3	.6%
	Decline to answer	20	3.7%
Total	521	100%	

44. Which party did you vote for in the most recent elections in 2015?		Frequency	%
	Likud	117	22.5%
	Zionist Union	89	17.0%
	Yesh Atid	44	8.5%
	Kulanu	40	7.7%
	Torah Judaism	36	7.0%
	Decline to answer	36	6.9%
	Habayit Hayehudi	35	6.7%
	Shas	26	5.0%
	Yisrael Beiteinu	26	4.9%
	Meretz	18	3.5%
	I did not vote for other reasons.	17	3.3%
	Yahad	15	2.9%
	I did not vote because I did not have the right to vote.	12	2.3%
	Another party	7	1.3%
Joint List	2	.4%	
Total	521	100%	

Demographic characteristics

45. Gender:		Frequency	%
	Male	254	48.8%
	Female	267	51.2%
	Total	521	100.0%

46. Age:		Frequency	%
	18-24	72	13.8%
	25-34	111	21.3%
	34-44	100	19.2%
	45-54	74	14.2%
	55+	164	31.6%
	Total	521	100%

47. How do you define yourself from a religious standpoint?		Frequency	%
	Secular	220	42.2%
	Traditional	190	36.5%
	Religious	52	10.1%
	Haredi	59	11.3%
	Total	521	100%

48. Where were you born?		Frequency	%
	Israel	430	82.5%
	Former Soviet Union	87	16.7%
	Other	2	.4%
	Decline to answer	2	.4%
	Total	521	100.0%

49. Sector		Frequency	%
	Veterans	432	82.9%
	Immigrants	89	17.1%
	Total	521	100%